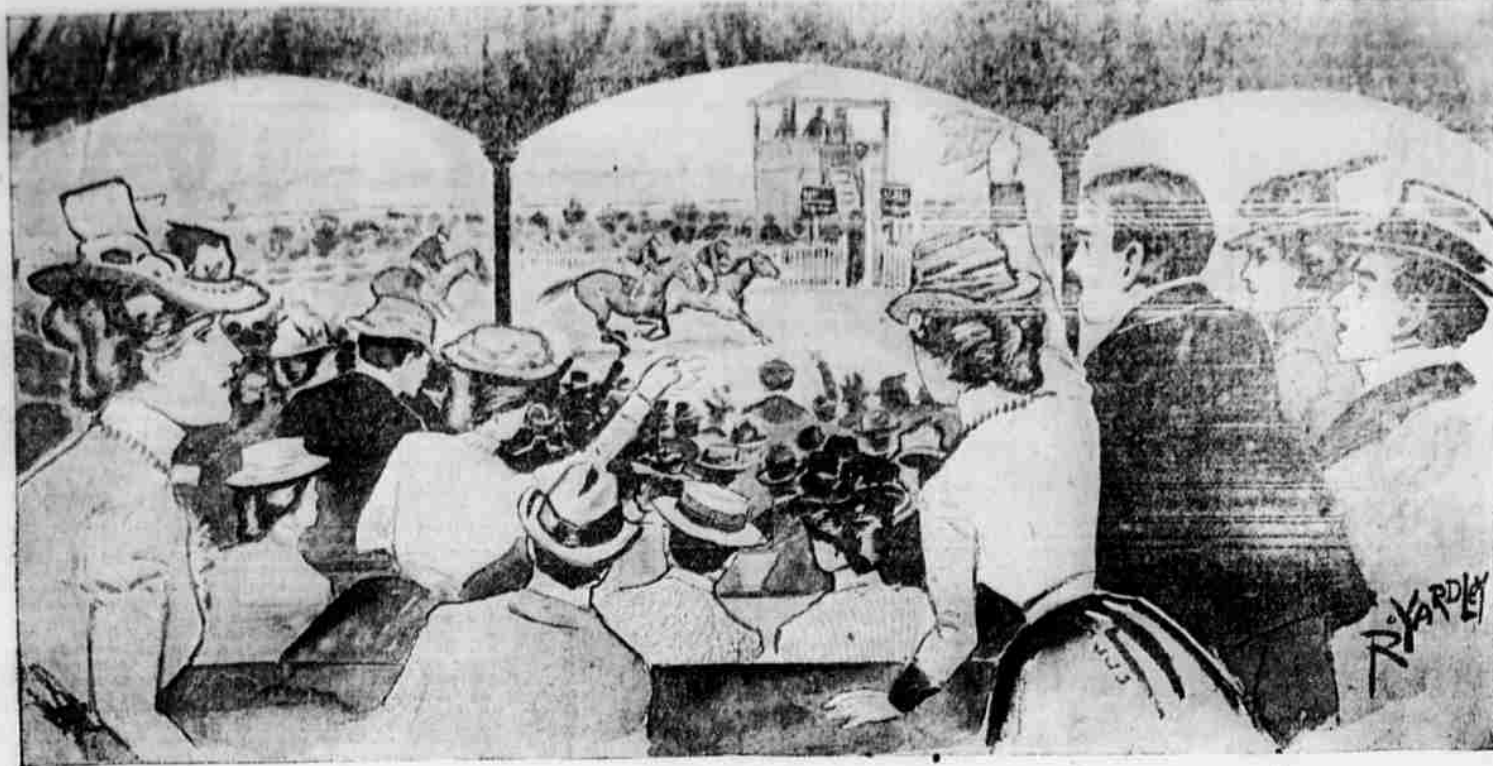


OPENING OF HONOLULU'S RACING SEASON BRINGS CROWD TO KAPIOLANI PARK: TO-DAY TWELVE LIVE EVENTS WILL GREET THE THROG IN HONOR OF KAMEHAMEHA



PERTINENT POINTERS.

"At midnight it looked this way":
First Race—Venus.
Second Race—Directress.
Third Race—Abul Manu.
Fourth Race—Leahli.
Fifth Race—Antidote.
Sixth Race—Irish Lassie.
Seventh Race—Cornwell's stable.
Eighth Race—No entries.
Ninth Race—Aggravation.
Tenth Race—Weller.
Consolation Race—Evereth.

Pertinent pointers from Saturday's Advertiser.

First Race—Maples.
Second Race—Sir Casimir.
Third Race—Vioris.
Fourth Race—Albert M.
Fifth Race—Amarino.
Sixth Race—Weller.

Of the above selections, Maples, Sir Casimir, Albert M. and Amarino won and the other two ran good seconds. Concerning the unnamed winners on Saturday the Advertiser said: "The erratic Garterline may show her true form and make a runaway race of the third," and "Aggravation will probably be better suited by a longer distance than half a mile."

There was considerable speculation about town last night as to today's races and money told the following tale: Vioris was a shade better liked than Venus in the first race, but both were well backed.

Directress alone was mentioned in connection with the second.

Abul Manu was heavily backed for the third, but the field was eagerly matched up, in certain quarters.

Leahli stood unopposed for the fourth. Antidote was as good as 2-1-2 to 1 for the fifth.

Irish Lassie had the call in the sixth but Vioris was almost as well thought of.

Cornwell's stable was sought after in the seventh.

Venus opened favorite for the ninth at as good as 7 to 5; with Prince David's stable second in demand and Aggravation, the outsider. The betting switched completely however and closed with Hollinger's mare a pronounced first choice, Venus second pick and the stable practically neglected.

General Cronje was the chief medium of business in the tenth, with Weller selling at two to one, and Antidote at 3's. Later Weller was forced by public demand to the position of favorite, Antidote finishing a well-backed second choice, and the General bringing up the financial rear.

KAPIOLANI PARK WAS A GAY SCENE

New Grand Stand of the Hawaiian Jockey Club Affords Fine View.

Kapiolani Park was a gay scene Saturday. Honolulu's first taste of racing for many months brought out an enthusiastic crowd which though not very large made up for lack of numbers by an intense enjoyment of the sport offered.

The Hawaiian Jockey Club under the management of which the races were conducted, had everything in good order. The accommodations were excellent; a brand-new grand stand gave a perfect view of the horses and excellent order was maintained.

This will be the big day of the year in racing circles. All over Hawaii interest is centered in the events of the Kamehameha celebration.

At 10 o'clock sharp this morning John Ouderkerk and Sam Parker, Jr., the starters will unfurl the flag for the pedestrian contest that opens the ball.

The following are the officials of the Jockey Club whose skill and energy have made the meeting a success:

W. G. Irwin, president; W. H. Cornwell, vice-president; G. P. Wilder, treasurer; Paul R. Isenberg, secretary. Directors—C. J. McCarthy, Clarence L. Crabbe, Prince David Kawananakoa. Reception Committee—H. Focke, Dr. M. E. Grossman, C. J. Fink, Judges—A. N. Tripp, C. J. Chasey, W. S. Withers. Clerk—T. V. King. Starter—John Ouderkerk, S. Parker, Jr., Assistant. Timers—L. Marks, L. R. A. Hart, J. L. Torbert. Clerk of Course—T. P. Cummings. Saddling Paddock—Fred Harrison.

HOW THEY RAN ON SATURDAY

Seven Events That Tested the Talent and Made the People Want More of Such.

The local racing season was inaugurated on Saturday under the most favorable conditions and with the eclat lent by good horses and a brilliant gathering.

The proceedings commenced with a mile bicycle handicap, which was won in the easiest possible manner in the slow time of 2:41, by Ruby Dexter, who evidently still retains some of the form which enabled him to sweep the board a year or so ago on New Zealand tracks.

The racing proper started with a half mile affair for maidens, i. e. Poesy's good filly, Abul Manu, who, by the way, is leased to Clarence Macfarlane for the present season, was a hot favorite on the strength of stories of phenomenal speed shown in a work-out. Abul Manu's chances were extinguished by a series of break-aways at the post, in which she was the principal sufferer and Allegro the main offender, running a full quarter of a mile before the flag finally fell. When at last they did get away the favorite showed prominently for a time, but was beaten easily by the "dark" Maples.

Venus flattered her supporters in the second race, a half mile dash, until reaching the head of the stretch, when she appeared to quit, and finally succumbed to Prince David's Sir Casimir by an open length.

Vioris and Garterline were the contenders in the third race and the former being on her best behavior, made every post a winning one, and landed the coin in hollow fashion.

Fred Eros was favorite for the fourth number on the program, the three-minute trotting and pacing, though Albert M. carried a lot of money on account of an eleven-hour tip in his favor. Eros ran disappointingly and "dugged" it at the finish, allowing Albert M. to take the race in two straight heats.

Amarino and Antidote were the only ones to face the starter in the fifth, a five furlongs dash. Amarino ruled a pronounced favorite until shortly before the race, when the betting switched and the wise ones tumbled over each other to get on Antidote. Antidote got away in front, but the bay soon overhauled him. Antidote came again a quarter of a mile from home, but could not pass Amarino, who got the best of a driving finish by a neck.

Aggravation, who had previously run third in the opening event, was pulled out again for the sixth race, a mile dash. She took the lead before the first quarter had been traversed, kept it all the way, and romped home in 1:47 from the fast coming Weller.

At the half the Cornwell colors in the vanguard bravely showed. Can the good mare stand the racket with four furlongs full to go?

Abul Manu's shot her bolt; three quarters, Weller's third and Aggravation. Now is joining in the hunt.

Down the stretch they race together; Hark! The grand stand's deafening din: "Venus! Weller!" "Aggravation!" Aggravation tickets win.

DIARRHOEA AT SANTIAGO.

Charles H. Marks, while acting in the capacity of nurse at the Second Division Hospital of the Fifth Army Corps at Santiago de Cuba, used a few bottles of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for diarrhoea and found it to work like a charm. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers. BENSON, SMITH & CO., Ltd., Agents for Hawaiian Islands.

THE San Francisco Chronicle of May 29, commenting on the proposed Alexander Young building from Hotel to King streets, taking in the McGrew and Arlington Hotel property, says:

In the tropic city of Honolulu, capital of the insular American Territory of Hawaii, a monumental structure is about to rise without its peer on the Pacific outside of San Francisco. The change in the European portions of the civilized world would be proud of a building which may justly be termed a monument to the policy of American expansion as it found expression in the annexation of the Hawaiian Islands. But for that event in the history of this Nation and of the Hawaiian Republic, no construction comparable in dimensions, material and magnitude would have been projected and executed in the islands. Its owner will be Alexander Young, who took a prominent part in the movements which resulted in the overthrow of the royal government and the first and abortive offer of the annexation of the Hawaiian group to the United States.

The Alexander Young building will be located in the heart of Honolulu, where its magnitude and architectural beauty will throw in somberest shade the largest and finest edifices, public and private alike. It is to face the Arlington Hotel property on a new street, which will be called Bishop street in honor of the owner of the adjoining land, and will extend from King to Hotel street, between Fort and Alakea streets. Thus it will present its magnificent facade of 400 feet to the city, a longer frontage, it may be stated, by forty-eight feet, than the Emporium building in this city. Its depth will be irregular, but the general dimension will be 120 feet. In character the Alexander Young building will be composite. The ground floor will be devoted to fifteen or twenty stores. The main body and the right wing, as shown in the illustration, will be arranged for offices, while in the left wing will be a hotel and a cafe-restaurant with a roof garden above the sixth story, the latter protected by covering from the zenith rays of the ardent tropical sun.

The construction is to be of iron and steel, thoroughly fireproof, while the walls will probably be in stone from the islands. There will be two entrances to the building, that shown on the right leading to the elevators of the office portion, and that on the left to the hotel and cafe-restaurant, that are also to be provided with these means of ascension. In keeping with the climate of Honolulu, the ceilings are to be high, the offices and apartments large and the hallways wide, so as to obtain natural ventilation, although, in addition, a ventilation plant will be provided. The cost of such a structure will be very large, but this is a matter which the owner desires to keep to himself. Alexander Young was formerly a resident of Oakland, and, naturally, when he determined to erect this monumental structure, he selected as the architect G. W. Percy, with whose work he was thoroughly familiar.

The article also contained the following sentence: "Where in the memory of men still living, savagery reigned and cannibalism flourished, Mr. Young, who seems, stated that it was the height of absurdity for a San Francisco reporter to write in such terms of the Hawaiian Islands. 'It is proven that the Hawaiians are not and never were cannibals and taken them to savages is most incomprehensible to my mind,' said Mr. Young. 'It is about time our fellow-citizens on the Mainland had some better knowledge of Hawaii, its people and former customs.'"

No. 4—Merchants' Purse: trotting.

No. 5—One mile; pace, \$200.

Aggravation, a 121 lbs. (Venus)..... 1
Weller, 4, 122 lbs. (C. Richardson)..... 2
Evereth, 5, 123 lbs. (G. Thomas)..... 3

Time—1:47. Good start. Won easily by two lengths, all driving. Winner, Thomas Hollinger's bay mare, by Imp. Brutus-Gladette. The winner was well ridden and looks like a nailing good one. Weller ran sorely. Evereth is no flyer.

NEW OFFICERS CHOSEN.

Hawaiian Board of Missions Reorganizes for the Year.

Friday evening at the Board rooms on Beretania street the Hawaiian Board of Missions effected a reorganization and elected officers for the ensuing year. J. B. Atherton was chosen president and the other officers were as follows: Henry Waterhouse, vice-president; O. P. Emerson, corresponding secretary; Rev. J. Leongham, recording secretary; W. W. Hall, treasurer; F. J. Lowrey, auditor.

Some changes were made in the standing committees, the newly chosen committee chairmen being as follows: Foreign Missions—H. Bingham, D. D.; Home Mission, S. E. Bishop, D. D.; Publication, W. D. Alexander, F. R. G. S.; Education, Walter F. Frear; Finance, W. W. Hall; "Morning Star," P. C. Jones; Appropriations, J. B. Atherton. The personnel of the committee on education was considerably changed, the newly chosen members of that committee being J. Lygate, W. R. Castle and W. D. Westervelt.

THE ENTIRE BLOCK.

Pacific Hardware Co. Changes Announced.

The business of the Pacific Hardware Company will shortly be extended. The company has secured a lease of the whole of the Cummins block at the corner of Fort and Merchant streets, and the establishment is to extend to the corner.

This means that both the tailor will have to move, also Kruger the Jeweller, Col. Will E. Fisher the real estate agent, an express company and the parlors of a tonorial artist.

The company's general office will be moved to a room back of Roth's, the main building being given over entirely to goods. As soon as those who have to move can find new locations, the above changes will be made. The Roth house and the company's main store are to be connected by an archway. It will take about six weeks to change things.

Will Make a Pump.

The Honolulu Iron Works has been awarded the contract for furnishing the high lift pump for the Beretania street water works. The Iron Works will manufacture the pump, importing patented movements. The contract calls for the pumps in five months.

John E. Bush is to be the interpreter at the Maul term of the Circuit Court at Wailuku, while H. H. Case will be the official stenographer.

NEW YORK, May 31.—A cable to the Sun from Manila, dated May 31, 5:40 p. m., says: Major Peyton C. March of the Thirty-third Volunteer Infantry, who has been pursuing Aguinaldo, has successfully crossed the mountains of Northern Luzon and is now at Aparri. He reports coming up with the supposed body guard of Aguinaldo north of Cagayan valley. During the fight which followed it was seen that an insurgent officer was shot off his horse. He was rescued by his comrades, but his horse and saddle bags were captured. The saddle bags contained Aguinaldo's personal papers.

The next day an outpost of the Forty-ninth Volunteer Infantry (colored) reported that a raft, containing a body with two soldiers guarding it, had floated down the Cagayan river, but that the swift current had prevented its capture. It is thought possible that the officer shot was Aguinaldo and that it was his body which the soldiers were guarding.

An insurgent Lieutenant and eleven armed rebels surrendered to the Twelfth Infantry yesterday. Sixteen men of the Forty-ninth Volunteer Infantry yesterday captured the Governor of Benguet. He is an influential rebel agitator and has been a fugitive for some time.

MANILA, May 31.—A number of rifles have been surrendered at Cuyayan and more are expected. Generals Grant and Funston have detachments in pursuit of the insurgents who rushed the town of San Miguel de Mayumo, near here, Tuesday, killing five Americans, wounding seven and capturing Captain Roberts of the Twenty-third Infantry and two enlisted men.

John E. Bush is to be the interpreter at the Maul term of the Circuit Court at Wailuku, while H. H. Case will be the official stenographer.

THE HONOLULU IRON WORKS HAS BEEN AWARDED THE CONTRACT FOR FURNISHING THE HIGH LIFT PUMP FOR THE BERETANIA STREET WATER WORKS. THE IRON WORKS WILL MANUFACTURE THE PUMP, IMPORTING PATENTED MOVEMENTS. THE CONTRACT CALLS FOR THE PUMPS IN FIVE MONTHS.

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SUMMARY OF THE DAY'S HAPPENINGS

The Actual Figures of the Races From an Expert's Point of View.

One mile bicycle race; prize, Sterling bicycle, presented by C. J. McCarthy.

R. A. Dexter, scratch, 1.
J. F. Silva, scratch, 2.
Emil Ulbrecht, scratch, 3.
Vincent F. Silva, 50 yds, 0.

Time, 2:41. The race was an unmitigated loaf until a quarter of a mile from home, when a general spurt was indulged in. The winner toyed with his friends and passed under the wire four lengths ahead of "Manoa" Silva.

No. 1—Four furlongs; for all horses that have never won a race; purse, \$100.

Maples, 117 lbs. (G. Thomson)..... 1
Abul Manu, 106 lbs. (J. Logue)..... 2
Aggravation, 119 lbs. (Kaena)..... 3
Allegro, 117 lbs. (Joe McAuliffe)..... Left

Time—49 1-5. Fair start. Won by two lengths; same distance between second and third. Winner, J. R. Wilson's b. m., by Teuton-Jane. Manu killed at the post, throw her race out. Maples a sapient maiden. Not far enough for Aggravation. Allegro's boy admiring scenery when flag fell.

No. 2—One half mile dash; purse, \$150.

Sir Casimir, 122 lbs. (Nichols)..... 1
Venus, 119 lbs. (G. Logue)..... 2

Time—49 1-5. Good start. Won by half a length, driving. Winner, Prince David and Sam Parker's br. s. by Exile-Nettie's Last. Winner a good horse at Garterline left her temper in her stall today.

No. 3—Five furlongs; purse, \$200.

Garterline, 117 lbs. (J. Logue)..... 1
Vioris, 117 lbs. (C. Richardson)..... 2
Evereth, 117 (James McAuliffe)..... 3

Time—1:02. Good start. Won by two lengths. Winner, W. H. Cornwell's b. m. by Golden Garter-Laine. Vioris ran sourly. Flameret no present account, and pacing, best 2 in 3; 3-minute class; purse, \$150.

Albert M. (J. Gibson)..... 1
Fred Eros (McManis)..... 2

Time—2:29 1-5. Both heats won easily. Winner, S. G. by Illustration by Almont. Eros broke badly in the final eighth of each heat.

No. 5—Five furlongs; Hawaiian bred; purse, \$150.

Amarino, 121 lbs. (Kaena)..... 1
Antidote, 121 lbs. (Jas. McAuliffe)..... 2

Time—1:06. Good start. Won by a neck; both driving. Winner, Robert Ballentyne's b. g. by Kenia-Amadine. Both rheumatic "crabs" of little account. If Antidote had a little more canine blood in him he'd bark; he will lo better over a distance. The race had rough edges to it. Antidote got a rusty-looking ride.

No. 6—One mile; purse, \$200.

Aggravation, a 121 lbs. (Venus)..... 1
Weller, 4, 122 lbs. (C. Richardson)..... 2
Evereth, 5, 123 lbs. (G. Thomas)..... 3

Time—1:47. Good start. Won easily by two lengths, all driving. Winner, Thomas Hollinger's bay mare, by Imp. Brutus-Gladette. The winner was well ridden and looks like a nailing good one. Weller ran sorely. Evereth is no flyer.

No. 7—One mile; pace, \$200.

Aggravation, a 121 lbs. (Venus)..... 1
Weller, 4, 122 lbs. (C. Richardson)..... 2
Evereth, 5, 123 lbs. (G. Thomas)..... 3

Time—1:47. Good start. Won easily by two lengths, all driving. Winner, Thomas Hollinger's bay mare, by Imp. Brutus-Gladette. The winner was well ridden and looks like a nailing good one. Weller ran sorely. Evereth is no flyer.

No. 8—One mile; pace, \$200.

Aggravation, a 121 lbs. (Venus)..... 1
Weller, 4, 122 lbs. (C. Richardson)..... 2
Evereth, 5, 123 lbs. (G. Thomas)..... 3

Time—1:47. Good start. Won easily by two lengths, all driving. Winner, Thomas Hollinger's bay mare, by Imp. Brutus-Gladette. The winner was well ridden and looks like a nailing good one. Weller ran sorely. Evereth is no flyer.

No. 9—One mile; pace, \$200.

Aggravation, a 121 lbs. (Venus)..... 1
Weller, 4, 122 lbs. (C. Richardson)..... 2
Evereth, 5, 123 lbs. (G. Thomas)..... 3

Time—1:47. Good start. Won easily by two lengths, all driving. Winner, Thomas Hollinger's bay mare, by Imp. Brutus-Gladette. The winner was well ridden and looks like a nailing good one. Weller ran sorely. Evereth is no flyer.

No. 10—One mile; pace, \$200.

Aggravation, a 121 lbs. (Venus)..... 1
Weller, 4, 122 lbs. (C. Richardson)..... 2
Evereth, 5, 123 lbs. (G. Thomas)..... 3

Time—1:47. Good start. Won easily by two lengths, all driving. Winner, Thomas Hollinger's bay mare, by Imp. Brutus-Gladette. The winner was well ridden and looks like a nailing good one. Weller ran sorely. Evereth is no flyer.

SPECIAL LEGISLATURE.

President Dole said yesterday that he was considering the necessity of calling a special session of the Legislature. He said that he was not certain that such a call would be issued, but that preparations were being made to expedite the matter if the necessity became apparent. "There are several things that seem to urge the early meeting of such a body," said President Dole yesterday. "Among them are the enactment of sanitary laws. The Board of Health is limited by its position and assumes that it cannot go beyond certain limits in this direction. The Board has done all that is within its jurisdiction, but certain building and plumbing regulations have still to be attended to. The losses in Chinatown can only be handled by the Legislature. The losses in the sanitary fires want relief and it seems that in justice to them this relief should not be delayed too long.

"The Legislature if called, will undoubtedly act on appointments of officials made by me. I am considering these appointments now and will probably announce the bulk of them before June 14."

FROM HONOLULU.

Another Report on Doan's Backache Kidney Pills.

If your poor back still aches, If you toss all night racked in pain, If you cannot bend over or straighten up,

Depend upon it, it's your kidneys. And kidney disorder rarely leaves of its own accord.

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are a good kidney medicine. They cure kidney complaints. This is how they fulfilled it with a Honolulu citizen:

Mr. A. J. Cahill, of Fort street, this city, night watchman in the employ of Messrs. T. H. Davies & Co., Ltd., says: "Whilst a young man I was a sailor and at one time worked for the Inter Island service. I was, however, obliged to give up sea life on account of severe suffering from my back and kidneys. For this I had tried various remedies, but the one which restored me to health was Doan's Backache Kidney Pills—procured at Hollister's Drug Store. They relieved me completely after years of suffering. If any one desires further particulars he may apply to me. I am to be found at Van Dorn's Ship Chandlery, Fort street."

You should get the same medicine which helped Mr. Cahill. See that the full name DOAN'S BACKACHE KIDNEY PILLS is on the wrapper and refuse any imitation.

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are sold by all chemists and storekeepers at 50 cents per box, six boxes \$2.50, or will be mailed on receipt of price by Hollister Drug Co., Honolulu, wholesale agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

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DOAN'S BACKACHE KIDNEY PILLS are sold by

JAPANESE LABORERS ON OLAHA THEIR GREENBACKS BY ARBITRATION

Field Employees of Olaha Plantation Appoint Permanent Committee of Twelve.

WAGE QUESTION LEFT TO THE INDIVIDUAL

Majority of Men Regret Termination of Contract.

(Special Correspondence.)
OLAHA PLANTATION, June 7.—The near approach of the day when the United States laws will go into operation is the incentive to much discussion on Olaha, as well as on the sister islands. Both interests, capital and labor, have been active during the past few weeks, preparing for the inevitable meeting upon reaching some conclusion that may be mutually satisfactory, and the terms of which will in a measure be binding on both.

Both Sides Ready.
The planters of Olaha have met, perfected their organization and selected and accredited their representatives to the Honolulu convention. Equally as active, the Japanese have held almost daily meetings, but decided on no course of action until late Sunday night last. On that day a large meeting, largely attended by leading Japanese, was held at Hilo. The meeting was presided over by R. Onuma, who is largely interested in agriculture at Olaha and other portions of Hawaii. The whole of the afternoon proceedings were devoted to the discussion of various plans and finally culminated at the evening meeting in the selection of a permanent Council of Twelve, with Mr. Onuma as president and Mr. Minigishi as vice president. This council will meet at an executive session which lasted until midnight and culminated with

A Definite Plan of Action.
It was determined by them to issue an address to their countrymen, counseling them to leave the subject matter of their future status to arbitration; to avoid haste in taking advantage of their release from the contract system; to refrain from excessive demonstrations; to avoid violence, and to take part in no turbulent meetings. The question of wages was disposed of by a resolution that all matters pertaining thereto be left just as they are at present, the Council being unanimously of the opinion that the question was one for the individual determination of the laborers, and that any movement to establish a fixed rate would only precipitate the very crisis it was sought to avoid. During the discussion it was brought out that a majority of the contract laborers would have preferred a continuance of the system, as under it permanent labor was an assured fact, and their remuneration never in doubt.

Conference Committees.
A motion was then made and prevailed that a committee be appointed to confer with the planters in the districts of Hilo, Puna and Olaha as far as Laupahoehoe. Messrs. Onuma, chairman, Frank Sakamaki (both of Olaha), S. Minigishi and S. Sato, were selected as such committee, and the Council adjourned.

On Monday last the committee issued an address in Japanese, calling upon their countrymen to confer with them. This address, it was decided, would also be printed in English and distributed. The committee will endeavor to address the laborers orally on each plantation they visit, and feel assured that much good will result therefrom. The members of the committee to Olaha are Takamaki and Minigishi.

The Hilo Railroad.
The railroad is a fixed fact for Olaha, the first train arriving last Saturday in charge of Superintendent Lambert, with Kamaina Spencer at the throttle. Since then two trips a day have been made to this point and each train has brought heavy loads of machinery and lumber for the Olaha mills, warehouses and depots, and the work of construction has commenced under the superintendence of Mill Constructor Williams, an experienced engineer and mill architect. The sound of the locomotive whistle is a novelty to the natives and is eagerly listened for.

There have been a large number of visitors to the "Big Plantation" during the past month including prominent planters, promoters and tourists. Engineer Kluge of the Hilo road says the tracks and bed-roads are standing the test of the heavy rolling stock excellently. There are slight "sags" here and there but nothing to cause any uneasiness.

Scare All Over.
There was considerable interest here over the first election under American procedure, and some people thought the palladium of their liberties was in jeopardy. However when it was all over and everybody got about what they wanted, they began wondering what scared them and some are at it yet.

The water indications at Kaunama are good and improving every week. Regular night rains and warm sunny days are the natural essentials of a good cane crop and is just what Olaha has been getting for the last two months and the result is found in the splendid and sturdy appearance of the cane.

DAN D. PENN.

NEWS OF THE BIG ISLAND OF HAWAII

The Week's Budget of Happenings and Criticism From the Hilo Herald.

The following is from the columns of Hilo Herald:

The Hilo Railroad began operations on Tuesday last and trains are now running between Hilo and the Olaha mill site. The big engine will not run until the balance of the ties can be laid, as not enough have as yet arrived to be placed the standard distance apart. There are 20,000 ties on the dock in San Francisco waiting shipment to Hilo, and when they can be brought here the matter of putting the necessary additional ties under the rails already laid to the mill site will begin.

Trains to Honolulu.
A mile or two of the Corey & Smith contract is now in the hands of the contractor, and the machinery for the work, and within eight months trains will be running to Honolulu. A large quantity of freight is being carried, quite a lot of freight to Olaha and more will follow as the line progresses. The Puna extension must be finished before the crop of cane is off and there is no doubt it will be, for large quantities of freight are being shipped to Puna almost every day. Work on the plantation is progressing satisfactorily under Mr. Campolli's management and he has already planted considerable cane. George Todok plant a portion of last week in Puna and he reports everything favorable to splendid results. The climate is warm in Puna and there is plenty of rain and nothing necessary qualifications to the profitable production of sugar. This plantation will be one of the best paying on this island.

Olaha a Big One.
In Olaha only about one-third of the total area of the sugar company's land has been planted but that one-third is nearly as great an area as Waialeale or Waialeale lands planted. Manager McStocker is planting the Olaha land for cane every day, so that by the time the mill is up Olaha will have seven or eight thousand acres planted. This will make that plantation the largest by far on this island. I am not in the entire group. It may be imagined, then, what the business of the Olaha plantation will be when both Olaha and Puna Sugar Companies are in full operation and shipping sugar to tide-water.

Line to Volcano House.
The company is not ready to say when the line will be completed to the Volcano house and down into Kilauea, but it is believed that it will be for some time. The finances of the company are easy, as H. F. Dillingham has floated many thousands of dollars in bonds in the States and the demand for these securities is said to be growing and bonds will continue to sell at a price that will guarantee the building and equipping of the line through the line. The construction of cars is going ahead as fast as the facilities for the work will permit.

Gehr Highly Pleased.
H. B. Gehr, president of the Kilauea line, is highly pleased with the progress of his road. The plans submitted to Governor Dole are in every way satisfactory to the local Government, but before approving them the Cabinet has stated that they want to see the maps of the entire line. If they are as carefully prepared as those of the first section already submitted they will be approved at once. Additional time has been granted the company to prepare the maps and in order that there may be no delay, the company will put three engineering corps into the field at once, and if possible have the maps ready to be submitted within thirty days. In order to accomplish this Mr. Gehr arranged with surveyors while in Hilo and they will look after the field work. The sale of the \$100,000 bonds in New York is a guarantee that the road will be built and operated by Mr. Gehr and his associates, and it will be built on a route that will connect the various sugar plantations between Hilo and Kilauea. The delay in approving the plans means the delay in building the road, but this will not be for long. Had the plans been approved last week tenders would be asked for the grading of at least the first section. This cannot be done now until the Government chooses to approve the plans.

DIRT IN WAILUKU.

The Bay of Hilo Being Filled With Obstructions.

It is not so very long ago since the Herald listened to a complaint from a citizen regarding the filling up of the harbor by Japanese fishermen who use small stones in sinking their bait. As the fisherman are out from shore every night, and as each boat carries several hundred stones for the purpose mentioned, the quantity thrown into the bay during the year is considerable. Now the complaint arises from a different source. The extension of Bridge street from the Puna side of the Waialuku is necessary on account of the new bridge. The Road Board, in order to save expense, is having the dirt for a block or more, and amounting to many thousands cubic yards, sluiced into the Waialuku to be carried into the bay of the Board has remarked that "there's not as much dirt in the whole street as is carried down the stream during a single freshet. All of it may be quite true, but if the remark quoted was made as point in the argument favoring the filling up of the bay in this manner it is not well taken. The hand of Providence cannot be stayed, but by a united effort of the people it is possible that the hand of the Road Board can be.

The Kinau's Lay Over.
At first glance it would seem that Hilo was being discriminated against in the matter of time during which the Kinau stops over here, but such is not really the case. June 11 will be a legal holiday, and it is impossible to get the stevedores to work on that day. In order to bring the vessel back on her regular run next week it must leave here some hours earlier than usual, so she may have her cargo in by Saturday night. On the next holiday, July 4th, the Kinau will leave Hilo a day earlier, so that she may be here in time for the holiday. Since Mr. McKee's advent in Hilo the Kinau has left Hilo promptly as advertised, rather than on a go-as-you-please schedule, as of late. People leaving for Honolulu by the Kinau might expect to feel the qualms of seasickness by 8:00.

Literary Exercises.
The Committee of Arrangements of the

Fourth of July celebration have yielded to the request of a number of residents who want literary exercises at the Honolulu Park on Independence Day. These exercises will begin at 10 a. m. and continue for one hour. The athletic exercises will begin at 2 o'clock, and at 3 there will be an intermission of an hour, the athletic contests to be resumed immediately after the literary exercises and continue until noon, when there will be an intermission of one hour for luncheon. Messrs. Fureaux, Cruzan and Severance will be the committee on literary exercises and Rev. Cruzan has been requested to deliver the oration.

On a Ramble.
An insane woman living on Coconut Island road took possession of C. H. Brown's residence yesterday morning and drove Mrs. Brown and Mrs. G. W. Paty from the house. After doing considerable damage to the furniture she was captured by the police and locked up.

Militia For Hilo.
Lieutenant Horne and William Fetter, the latter of the Hilo Bakery, are organizing a company of militia for Hilo. A number of young men have enrolled themselves as members. The scheme has the support of the Government at Honolulu.

For the Races.
Trainer Hicks has in his charge Uncle True and J. R. of George Rodlek's stable. Dixie Land, belonging to John T. Moir, and Van Wagener, of Peter Lee's stable, in training for the Fourth of July races. Billy Cunningham will bring his fine horses from Honolulu at week and put them in the stable here preparatory to getting them in condition for the track.

Will Visit Old Home.
Joseph Sissons will leave on the 20th inst. for an extended visit to the States. Mr. Sissons will go to his old home in New Bedford, Mass. This is his first visit there since he came to the Islands twenty-five years ago. He will probably be away for six months.

Baseball Monday.
If the Honolulu Park grounds are in condition the Volcano Stables' team and Herman Diamond's team will play the initial game of the season on Monday. The Stables' team has been practicing every day and the boys are in fine trim for playing. Crow will pitch his first game in Hilo and Honolulu at week and will be the change catchers and first basemen.

Eastern Star Picnic.
About all of the members of the local lodge of the order of Eastern Star attended a picnic at Reed's Bay, where J. W. Mason had tendered his residence, on Saturday last. The picnic was a very pleasant one and the order went to the grounds and arranged for the arrival of the other members, who came late. A delicious luncheon was served and target shooting indulged in during the day.

Hoolulu Park.
Hoolulu Park is rapidly nearing completion and when finished will be a credit to Hilo and the promoters of the park. A large force of men is now engaged on the new road, which branches at the Coconut Island thoroughfare. George Murray has nearly finished the grand stand; the grand stand and pavilion have been roofed and the seats in the grand stand are being put in. A gang of busy men yesterday whitewashed the inside of the building and Mr. Wilson has in view a plan for the erection of a new building on the grounds; the track fence is almost completed.

Mrs. M. W. Jensen Dead.
Mrs. Mattilda W. Jensen, residing on the Kaunama road, two and a half miles from Hilo, died from heart disease June 4 and was buried from the First Foreign Church, Tuesday morning. Mrs. Jensen joined her husband in Hilo last September, with the expectation of making a home in this delightful climate, but death suddenly ended all her plans. Mrs. Jensen was a native of Stockholm, Sweden, forty years of age, and an earnest, devoted Christian, and a noble woman.

Sold to the Railroad.
Ray Brothers have sold to the Hilo Railroad Company a piece of land adjoining Captain Andrews' office at Waialeale. The railroad company will build a wagon road on the land for use of freight wagons.

Bob Burns a Man Who Came Down on the Falls of Clyde.
Bob Burns, a man who came down on the Falls of Clyde, issued a challenge to box a limited number of rounds with any heavy weight on the island. James C. O'Connell of Olaha preferred. A match will probably be arranged.

Kendall to the Coast.
H. Kendall, the contractor who built the new Spreckels' block, leaves for the East via Honolulu tonight. He carries with him mementos of Hilo in the shape of a ring and a watch, the result of a fall from a drydock of lumber.

SMALL THINGS OF HAWAII.

Short Accounts of Doings and Persons in and About Hawaii.

J. R. Wilson will have Maples and Everett in the June 11th races. General Cronde will be in the Cunningham street. Floyd Eaton, formerly lieutenant of police in Hilo, is now deputy sheriff in Kauai. Mr. Horne has succeeded him as lieutenant.

Mr. Moraine has given up his contract for clearing land in Olaha. He is a capable surveyor and will probably engage in that work here.

Wm. Ellis has severed his connection with Ray Brothers and will engage in the commission business. He leaves for San Francisco tonight.

The Volcano Stables Company hauled 173 tons of freight from Long wharf on Tuesday, so that the Annie Johnson could begin discharging cargo yesterday. There will be a Union meeting at Hall Church on Sunday evening next. Mrs. W. H. Hapal will have charge of the program and Rev. J. A. Cruzan will lead. J. W. Mason goes to Honolulu tonight. L. E. Ray will probably go to the Coast on the Annie Johnson.

Monday will be a legal holiday and all Government offices will be closed. Quite a number of young men are in training for the bicycle races on July 4. Max Anna Rice has entirely recovered from a severe attack of typhoid fever. John T. Moir and George Ross, delegates to the Planters' Convention at Honolulu, returned by the Kinau.

A CARD OF THANKS.
I wish to say that I feel under lasting obligations for what Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has done for our family. We have used it in so many cases of coughs, lung troubles and whooping cough, and it has always given the most perfect satisfaction. We feel greatly indebted to the manufacturers of this remedy and wish them to please accept our hearty thanks.—Respectfully, Mrs. S. Doty, Des Moines, Iowa. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers. BENSON SMITH CO., Ltd., Agents for Hawaiian Islands.

Life and Strength Restored to Palsied Limbs

Mrs. H. T. Salisbury, of 11 Pollett Street, Pawtucket, R. I., says:
"About eight years ago, I was taken with nervous prostration which was followed by a partial paralysis of the lower limbs. The doctor called it locomotor ataxia. I could not direct my steps, and I would often fall down. I tried many remedies but was not benefited until I began taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.
Several doctors had told me that there was no cure for my trouble, but my improvement continued and I took the pills steadily for two years. At the end of that time I had regained full control of my limbs. The pain left me and has never returned."
Mrs. H. T. SALISBURY,
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 21st day of August, 1899.
CARLOS L. ROGERS,
Notary Public.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People contain in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, neuritis, neuralgia rheumatism, nervous headache, the after-effects of the grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexion, all forms of weakness either in male or female.
Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are never sold by the dozen or hundred, but always in packages. At all druggists, or direct from the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., 60 cents per box, 6 boxes \$2.50.

NEW SUGAR COMBINE HAS BEEN FORMED

Independent Refiners Are to Unite With a Big Capital.

NEW YORK, May 31.—Negotiations are under way for the acquisition and control of the National, Mollenhauer and Joseph sugar refineries by a new corporation headed by the sugar brokerage firm of E. H. Howell Sons & Co. This plan is authorized by James H. Post, a member of the firm. Howell Sons & Co. have been for a long time the agents for the National and the Mollenhauer refineries. It is believed that the acquisition of these properties by the new firm will do much to end the sugar war, as Howell Sons & Co. have been in harmony with the American Sugar Refining Company for a long time. Post admits that Arden Brothers are not included in the plan. There was a conference of the National,

Mollenhauer and Joseph interests in Jersey City in the afternoon, and later Post authorized this statement: "The National Sugar Refining Company of New Jersey will be incorporated under the laws of this State. This corporation will comprise the National, Mollenhauer and the Mollenhauer of New York or Joseph refineries. In a word, the interests behind these companies have decided to pool their resources. The new company will have a New Jersey charter. It will issue \$10,000,000 of preferred stock, the amount of common stock to be issued having not yet been decided."

According to Post there will be seven directors, of which he will be one. Four others have been selected. They are: Claude Doehner, Frederick D. Mollenhauer, George E. Bunker of the National company and H. D. Corey of Howell Sons & Co. That concern will be the selling agent of the new company and Post will probably be its first president. Post's attention was called to rumors that the new company would be nothing more than an offshoot of the trust. He emphatically denied all such reports. At the office of Arden Brothers, a member of the firm said that while there had been considerable talk they had no personal knowledge of any developments in the trade or any settlement of the war. When Post's statement outlining the new company was shown to the Arden representative some surprise was manifested, but he would say nothing further.

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Gongola; Soft, dress-
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A strictly Up-to-date Gent's SHOE is our Black Vic.
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HOUSEHOLD SUPPLIES.

...THE... BLUE FLAME WICKLESS Oil Stove

"Puritan" Oil Stove

No Smell. No Smoke. No Ashes.
...THE...
Garland Stove
A fine line of
Sanitary
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Goods always on hand.

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Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

1 SUNDAY, TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

WALTER G. SMITH, EDITOR.

TUESDAY, JUNE 1, 1900.

THE END IN SIGHT.

The collapse of the Boer defence just as the British troops reached the strongest position the enemy had, is, to say the least, an unexpected circumstance. Freedom-loving men who had done so well in the hills behind earthworks, who are destitute of fear in battle and who have the Dutch traits of stubbornness, might be supposed to hold out indefinitely in a great modern fortress like Pretoria. When the war began, the Boer capital was thought to be good for a two or three year siege. Its forts, splendidly built and armed were located where no army could approach without long exposure in a zone of fire. Its commissariat was full. The soldiers who were expected to garrison it for a last stand were soon to become veterans. There was the incentive to hold out in the thought that England might at any time get involved in war with some great power. Yet, despite all this, the moment Roberts' Army came in sight of Pretoria, that stronghold fell as the walls of Jericho did at the blast of the ram's horn.

What was the reason? In default of a better explanation we must assume that the property-owning burghers of the capital refused to risk their holdings in a bombardment and forced Krueger, himself a property-owning burgher, to abandon the defence. The spirit of commercialism is the strongest enemy of war. As wealth increases the destructive appetite which inspires all war decays; and since the Rand was opened the wealth of the Boers has been mounting up enormously. There are Boer millionaires now who believe that freedom is a prize to be parted with before wealth and to these, perhaps, the collapse of Boer resistance to the Queen's power, is measurably due.

DEMOCRACY AND PORTO RICO.

The Hawaiian Democratic platform says: "We denounce as unconstitutional and vicious the law just passed by a Republican Congress which, while it purports to give the annexed territory of Porto Rico the full benefits which flow from its becoming a part of a great and free people, among whom the claim of equal rights to all is never openly contested, yet denies to it the Constitutional guarantee that 'all duties, imposts and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States.'"

In the sense which entitles a Territory to come under the Constitutional tariff and excise clauses, Porto Rico is still in the same exterior position occupied by the Philippines. It is not a part of the Union though belonging to it. The thirteenth amendment recognizes that the United States Government has the rights of colonial establishment; it speaks of "the United States or any place subject to their jurisdiction." Porto Rico being merely subject to American jurisdiction, has no lawful power to demand the privileges of a Territory and the Republican Congress violates no confidence which the American people have reposed in it by refusing it such privileges.

But what sort of a Hawaiian party is this which urges Congress to give the sugar of Porto Rico an equal show with that of Hawaii in the American market? Is the Hawaiian Democracy so short-sighted and so locally disloyal as to want to raise up competitors for the staple which gives these islands their prosperity? Is it prepared to hold that a Republican policy which indirectly does so much for Hawaii without violating the Constitutional rights of any other place is "vicious"? If so the Republicans are quite ready to meet it on that issue.

From the small attendance at the native meeting and the character of the audience it would seem that the majority of the Hawaiians, including the better class, are by no means inclined to join the anti-Boer party. If this is true it is a most propitious circumstance. Nothing could be more harmful to the natives politically than to lose their Republican and Democratic friends in Congress and the more discerning natives are beginning to show that they know it.

The Coast census will be short several thousand men who left in May for Cape Nome, and San Francisco will lose a few thousand who moved into the country on account of the plague. The census comes at a bad time for the Coast metropolis, which is likely to be disappointed at the totals of population.

STATEHOOD OF POLITICAL ORIGIN.

Among the fantastic notions which the old Hawaiian monarchs have drawn from the German philosopher and his ideas of a nation, from their inner consciousness, is that the natives, by showing that they can do some of the things a nation does, are entitled to be considered a nation. This is a notion which is expressed by the independent, which apparently knows no more than that it is a nation. It is one of its kahunas friends who about the nebular hypothesis. We quote:

Why should the Hawaiian party, immaterial of the color of the skin, join parties the principles of which they are yet ignorant, with whom they have nothing in common, simply at the bidding of Mr. Thurston? What is it to us whether the Democrats or Republicans or the middle-of-the-road Populists, or the fusion Populists or the Irish-Americans, etc., prevail at the elections in the States. Hawaii is a Territory and will remain so for many years to come, and we think it the wisest plan for the Hawaiians to use this transition period to establishing a good government, and when applying for Statehood, be able to point to the records of the Territory and say to Congress: "This is what we have done. This is the evidence that we are capable of taking care of ourselves and fit for the privileges of Statehood."

Congress has never consented to admit as a State any Territory where the political sentiment did not run on American lines. Because of the presence of a large Spanish-speaking body of voters in Arizona and New Mexico, voters whose ideals and sympathies are un-American, Congress has steadily refused, in one case for over forty years, to confer upon those Territories the boon of Statehood. Impunity is in vain; Congress always says: "Wait until your Territory is thoroughly Americanized; then we will consider your request."

When other Territories were admitted to the Union—at least those that came in since the first inauguration of Lincoln—the decision to let them in was always political. Take Nevada as an example—an immense State now, with a population no larger than that of Honolulu! It was admitted simply because it had a Republican majority that would give the party the votes of two additional Senators and of a body of Presidential electors. Colorado and Wyoming, Washington and Dakota were let in for the same reasons and no other and for the time being, saying nothing of future political changes, they served their purpose. They were wanted for politics and they gave politics.

Hawaii in turn will have to give reasons for the controlling political party to bid it into the Union or else it will stay out among the waiting suppliants in the ante-room. An independent native party, controlling Hawaii, offering no certain aid to Republicans or Democrats or both, could make no impression upon Congress with an appeal to Statehood. It might knock for a century and the door would not open. Why should either Republicans or Democrats fling wide the portal to people who want nothing to do with either of them?

There is but one way for the natives to help the cause of Statehood and that is to become American themselves and accept American politics with all the rest. For ourselves we believe they can reach further from the Republican basis than any other. The Southern Democrats want none of them. Men like Tillman say they wish nothing to do with the "colored populations" which annexation has brought in and assuredly the South would veto any Democratic proposal to make Hawaii a State with an independent native majority. No need of electoral votes would overcome the Southern antipathy to color. So in the final analysis the only chance for the natives is in and through the Republican party and only then by joining it and becoming its helpful and faithful members.

If the powers really mean to interfere in China and take control there, that ancient Empire will need no reform attentions from the friends of Kang Yu Wei. Europe, by dividing it up, will give that country so much reform and so many changes that even Confucius will not know the place when he revisits the glimpses of the moon.

Japanese statesmen look for the early dismemberment of China and the division of the spoils between Russia, England, Germany, France, Japan and possibly the United States. The five powers first-named have already marked out their spheres of influence, Russia in Manchuria, England in the Yangtze Valley and at Wei-Hai-Wei, Germany in Shantung, France in the extreme south and Japan opposite Formosa. This scheme embraces almost the whole coast line save a province hitherto claimed by Italy. Hence if the United States is to have a foothold it must move quickly.

California, which welcomed the Belgian hare as a cheap and wholesome addition to its food supply, or as the means of an agreeable fad, is beginning to fear that she has imported a nuisance. Witness this comment in the Argonaut:

Upon the fact that fecundity is the strong point of the hare was based the prophecy, printed three weeks ago, that the mania for cultivation of the Belgian hare would lead to disaster. A little hare might be a good thing, but too much imagined how the human appetite, sedulously urged, can keep up with the increase when a rabbit is getting to be a habit of the domestic hen. At Florin, a place in which the tokyay grape has been brought to an unexampled perfection, and where the most delicious strawberries are raised, fruit-growers look into the future with concern, and will be necessary for preservation of their vines. A local mathematician has figured out from the rate of increase attained by the first few Belgian hares purchased by an enthusiast what is going to happen there. These hares number, or did last that by May, 1900, they will have multiplied to 261,320, and in this calculation reckons upon only 40 per cent being does. When this happy time shall arrive, each man, woman, and child of Florin would have an equitable division have 4,000 hares. This is apparently several more than necessary. The market could not consume them all, for it is to be remembered that every hamlet and city is going into the business, generally of a more elaborate scale than is being attempted at Florin. Hope has been expressed that the passion will subside, but even if it should, it will leave behind countless thousands of millions of hares, homeless and hungry, warring on vegetation, and being warded against by the suffering tiller of the soil. That the hares would flourish if turned loose has been demonstrated, for one disgusted ex-enthusiast liberated his accumulation of thirty odd, and some of these, being captured later, were found to be sleek and in a fine condition. It is argued that a demand will be created for the flesh of the hare, but there is as yet no sign of it. The meat does not appeal. There is about the living creature a feline suggestion that tends to dull the edge of appetite. There is no particular reason either for supposing that the skins can be used for the continental and the Jack, cousins of the Belgian, do not yield one decent pelt in a hundred. Sad to state, the pelt is apt to be so diseased with the worm, and to excite a prejudice against the tissues it covers.

California could have got along very well in the absence of the Belgian hare. The animal was not introduced for the filling of a want. It came as a fad, and will be sustained as such for a time, and in all probability, degenerate into a pest, a candidate for extermination.

A strong effort is being made to introduce the Belgian hare locally and we presume that, under United States law, the animal cannot be kept out. However this Territory may impose so heavy a license upon the sale of hares as to make the business unprofitable. Something of the kind should be done for the protection of cane fields.

Everybody who looks into the plague at San Francisco finds that there was an unmistakable case a little while ago. The plague is always just a day or two behind.

All signs show that the collapse of the Boer war is due to the fears of the rich freeholders that they would, by fighting longer, lose their property as well as their independence. Pretoria resolutely declined to accept the attentions of the Lyddite shell. The decision was neither magnificent, nor was it war; but it shows that the Dutchmen of the Veldt have not lost any of the hard common sense they got from their ancestors.

Oom Paul, if not captured, is probably on his way to Portuguese territory, where he would be safe from British hands. We doubt that Lord Roberts is very anxious to take him, for Oom Paul, as a prisoner of state, would awaken the world's sympathy, while as a comfortable exile in Europe he would soon pass out of view along with Don Carlos and various South American Presidential exiles.

Who is doing all this talk about anti-hare feeling, etc.? The Advertiser, of course. Among the leaders of the independent party we hear nothing about these bogies which are acting like a nightmare to Editor Thurston—Independent.

Indeed? When the Advertiser discovered and exposed the plot about the middle of last April the Independent said: "There is probably more truth than poetry in the Advertiser's latest political horoscope." What has happened since to change the Independent's mind?

The Star, which is the only intelligent Republican paper in the evening field, is not deceived as to the objects of the Wilcox outfit. It says:

A certain part of the Hawaiian people has decided that the advancement of the Territory to draw the color line. It must be remembered that it is the Hawaiians themselves who have decided upon this distinction. We shall be told by and by that whites have drawn the line. It cannot be too soon understood that it is the Hawaiians or a section of them, which has decided to make distinction—not the whites. The Republican and Democratic parties have thrown their ranks open without distinction of color. They have formed on the broad lines of massed suffrage, and are based upon opinion, not on prejudice.

What this group of men intend to do is to play upon the prejudices of their fellow-countrymen, and have a distinct anti-white party.

What is more they are free to say as much privately, though in public utterances they try to disarm suspicion. But all the same these fatuous Royalist societies imagine that they are to have an easy task in driving the white annexationist to the wall and undoing the work of reform in these islands.

The orators at the native mass meeting did not want to say "anti-hare" but most of them managed to do so before they got through. Their speeches, printed elsewhere, are "mighty interesting reading." It is proper to say, inasmuch as most of the talk was in Hawaiian, that the Advertiser, in making up its report, employed a native translator, Mr. Coelho, and was also represented at the meeting by a white interpreter, Mr. Crane. We believe that, difficult as it is to render Hawaiian oratory in long hand into newspaper English, no one who made an address at Saturday night's meeting has been misrepresented.

THE NEWS FROM MAUI

Last Term of Hawaiian Court Held.

CURIOUS HORSE DISEASE

New Spreckelsville Club House Built—Wailuku School Concert.

MAUI, June 2.—The last term of the Circuit Court to be held under the laws of the Republic of Hawaii began with a native jury in the Wailuku court house on June 2. Hon. J. W. Kaua presided. Friday, the 8th, the foreign jury was called, the first case to be tried being one of an assault with a dangerous weapon. A Japanese named Yamamoto was charged with stabbing Wm. Paahao in the wrist with a pocket knife at Huelo, December, 12, 1899.

During the same day Judge Smith of Hilo held court in the Wailuku school house, trying some cases in which Judge Kaua was disqualified. There were two courts in session at the same time—Judge Kaua and a foreign jury in the court house and Judge Smith and a native jury in the school house. Judge Smith will go to Hilo on Tuesday.

New Club House.
The new club house being constructed at "Spreckelsville" is an imposing and slightly structure. It is two stories in height, with upper and lower verandas. It is about the size of the Queen Hotel of Honolulu. The exterior has just been painted.

Wailuku School Concert.
Thursday evening, the 7th, the large Wailuku school hall was crowded with people who were delighted with the concert given by the Wailuku school children under the able direction of Miss Margaret Nape. A program of choruses, duets, quartets, tableaux and broom drill was most excellently rendered. About \$80 were raised toward the school piano fund. This was the first of a series of entertainments.

Territorial Day's Events.
Spreckelsville, Paia, and probably other plantations of Maui, will celebrate Territorial Day on Saturday, the 16th. There will be field sports at Spreckelsville on that day. A tug-of-war between Scotch American and Hawaiian teams will be the most attractive event.

Kahului Harbor Crowded.
Kahului harbor is still crowded with shipping, there being six vessels in the harbor proper and two anchored in the stream.

Manager A. Baldwin of Hamakua-ko is confined to his home with sickness.

Weather—Very warm.

EPIDEMIC AMONG HORSES ON MAUI

Makawao, June 8, 1900.

Editor Advertiser.—A new kind of ailment is afflicting the horses of East Maui, and one which I have never heard, nor read of before. It assumes the shape of an abscess, and is found on the rear side of the animal, between the stifle and the hip bone.

I have seen in this district and also in the Kaupua district some eleven cases, nine of which had the abscess in identical the same place. Of the other two cases, one occurred on the front and rear side of the brisquet, the other between the eye and the ear, also on the rear side. I have heard of a great many cases in the Kula and Kahikini districts, and in every instance they have been described to me as being situated the same as the majority of the above mentioned cases.

Among the eleven cases, the abscess of one animal had burst naturally and healed up in a short time—about two weeks. The others I lanced and cut away; in some cases I had to cut as deep as an inch and a half, before reaching the matter, of which there is an enormous quantity.

Two horses in the Kaupua district died that had this abscess, and in neither case had the abscess burst, but whether it was the cause of their death or not I can't say.

I should be very glad if any of your veterinary readers could enlighten us as to the cause of this malady, also if other parts of this island, or other islands of the group are troubled with it.

The horses in every instance have been grass fed and in good condition.

L. VON TEMPSKY.

MAINLAND TRADE WITH HAWAIIANS

Remarkable Showing Which Led Senator Lodge to be An Annexationist.

WASHINGTON, May 30.—"One reason why I am an expansionist," said Senator Lodge, while discussing the possibilities of our trade with our island possessions, "is because I have watched the great growth of our commerce with the Hawaiian Islands. Five years ago, in 1895, the total Hawaiian trade with the United States amounted to only \$11,500,000. Last year it reached \$33,500,000, having increased almost three-fold within five years, and most of this increase has occurred within the past eighteen months or so. We may not think that a business of \$33,500,000 amounts to very much when our foreign trade is now running up into the billions, but compare our trade with the Hawaiian Islands, with their handful of people, with some of the larger countries of the world, and it gives a better idea of the value of colonies to the United States which

"Want of Watchfulness Makes the Thief."

Many cases of poor health come from want of watchfulness. But if you keep your blood pure no thief can steal your health. The one effective, natural blood purifier is Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Disordered Blood.—"My father has long been troubled with disordered blood and weak back. Hood's Sarsaparilla made him strong and healthy; he works every day." A. S. Wykes, S. Easton, Pa.

Humor.—"When I need a blood purifier I take Hood's Sarsaparilla. It cures my humor and is excellent as a nerve tonic." Josie Eaton, Stafford Springs, Ct.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver (bile), the most irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

ship their products to us and buy their food, provisions and clothing from this country.

"Let us begin with Europe.

"Our trade with the Hawaiian Islands is over 150 per cent larger than our total trade with Austria-Hungary. "It is 75 per cent larger than our trade with Denmark.

"It is 60 per cent as large as our total trade with Italy.

"It is nearly four times as large as our trade with Portugal.

"It is over 150 per cent greater than our total trade with Russia.

"It is almost double our trade with Spain.

"It is 125 per cent greater than our trade with Sweden and Norway combined.

"It is more than double our trade with Switzerland.

"It is ten times as large as our trade with Turkey.

"It is nearly thirty times larger than our trade with Greece.

"These comparisons are with the thickly populated countries of Europe. Now we will take the American Continent.

"Hawaiian trade with the United States is equal to 30 per cent of our trade with the whole Dominion of Canada.

"It is nearly 150 per cent greater than our trade with all the Central American States.

"It is 60 per cent as large as our trade with Mexico.

"It is 50 per cent larger than our trade with all the British West Indies.

"It is nearly five times as large as our trade with Porto Rico.

"It is three times as large as our trade with the Danish, Dutch and French West Indies, with Hayti and San Domingo included.

"It is almost twice as large as our trade with Argentina.

"It is almost half as large as our trade with Brazil, whence we import most of our coffee.

"It is nearly 400 per cent larger than our trade with Chili.

"It is nearly 400 per cent larger than our trade with the United States of Colombia.

"It is nearly fifteen times larger than our trade with Ecuador.

"It is more than six times larger than our trade with British, Dutch and French Guiana.

"It is ten times larger than our trade with Peru.

"It is ten times larger than our trade with Uruguay.

"It is more than five times larger than our trade with Venezuela.

"Now let us make some comparison with countries across the Pacific, and we find that our trade with Hawaii is within six million dollars of being as large as our trade with the Empire of China.

"It is more than three times as large as our trade with Hongkong.

"It is nearly half as large as our trade with all the British, Dutch and French East Indies, which send us such large supplies of sugar.

"It is equal to 65 per cent of our total trade with Japan.

"It is more than five times larger than our last year's trade with the Philippines.

"It is nearly twenty times larger than our trade with Asiatic Russia.

"It was larger by four million dollars than our trade with the whole of the Australasian Colonies last year, with their five millions of people.

The Elgin

WORLD'S STANDARD FOR TIME KEEPING.

Should be in the pocket of every wearer of a Watch.

Many years' handling of Watches convinces us, that price considered The Elgin is the most satisfactory of American Watches.

Cased in . . .
NICKLE, SILVER, GOLD FILLED AND SOLID GOLD.

We have a full line and sell them at right prices.

ELGINS reach us right.

ELGINS reach you right.

Elgins stand for what is right in time keeping and lasting qualities and that is why we are right in pushing the Elgin Watch.

H.F. WICHMAN
BOX 342.

Wilder's Steamship Co. Ltd

S. S. L. N. U.

Freeman, Master, will sail from Honolulu on Tuesdays at 12 noon for Kaunakakai, Lahaina, Maui Bay, Kihel, Makaha, Kawaihae, Mahukona, Laniphoehoe and Hilo.

Returning, will sail from Hilo on Fridays at 10 a. m. for above named ports, arriving at Honolulu on Saturdays.

S. S. CLAUDINE.

McDonald, Master, will leave Honolulu every Tuesday at 6 p. m., touching at Lahaina, Kahului, Niihau, Hana, Hamoa and Kipahulu, Maui. Returning, touches at above named ports, arriving at Honolulu Sunday mornings.

Will call at Nuu, Kaupo, once each month.

S. S. LEHUA.

Sails every Monday for Kaunakakai, Kamalo, Maunaloa, Kapaupapa, Lahaina, Honolulu, Olowalu. Returning, arrives at Honolulu Saturday mornings.

This company reserves the right to make changes in the time of departure and arrival of its steamers WITHOUT NOTICE, and it will not be responsible for any consequences arising therefrom.

Consignees must be at the Landings to receive their freight; this company will not hold itself responsible for freight after it has been landed.

Live Stock received only at owner's risk.

This Company will not be responsible for Money or Valuables of passengers unless placed in the care of Purser.

Passengers are requested to purchase tickets before embarking. Those failing to do so will be subject to an additional charge of twenty-five per cent.

The Company will not be liable for loss of, or injury to, or delay in, the delivery of baggage or personal effects of the passengers or freight of shippers beyond the amount of \$100, unless the value of the same be declared when received by the Company and an extra charge be made therefor, at or before the issue of the ticket, and freight is paid thereon.

All employees of the Company are forbidden to receive freight without delivering a shipping receipt therefor in the form prescribed by the Company and which may be seen by shippers upon application to the purser of the Company's steamers.

Shippers are notified that if freight is shipped without such receipt, it will be solely at the risk of the shipper.

C. L. WIGHT, President.

CAPT. T. K. CLARKE, Port Supt.

CHAS. BREWER & CO'S

New York Line.

Ship "Helen Brewer" will sail from New York for Honolulu on or about

June 10 1900.

For freight apply to

CHAS. BREWER & CO.,

27 Kilby Street, Boston.

Or CHAS. BREWER & CO., LTD.,

Honolulu.

Pacific Mail Steamship Co.

Occidental & Oriental Steamship Co.

AND Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

Steamers of the above companies will call at Honolulu and leave this port on or about the dates below mentioned:

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA:

GAILIC	JUNE 12	DORIC	JUNE 13
HONGKONG MARU	JUNE 21	NIPPON MARU	JUNE 23
CHINA	JUNE 29	RIO DE JANEIRO	JUNE 26
DORIC	JULY 7	COPTIC	JULY 10
NIPPON MARU	JULY 17	AMERICA MARU	JULY 17
RIO DE JANEIRO	JULY 26	PEKING	JULY 27
COPTIC	AUG. 2	GAILIC	AUG. 4
AMERICA MARU	AUG. 10	HONGKONG MARU	AUG. 11
PEKING	AUG. 18	CHINA	AUG. 21
GAILIC	AUG. 28		
HONGKONG MARU	SEPT. 5		

For general information apply to

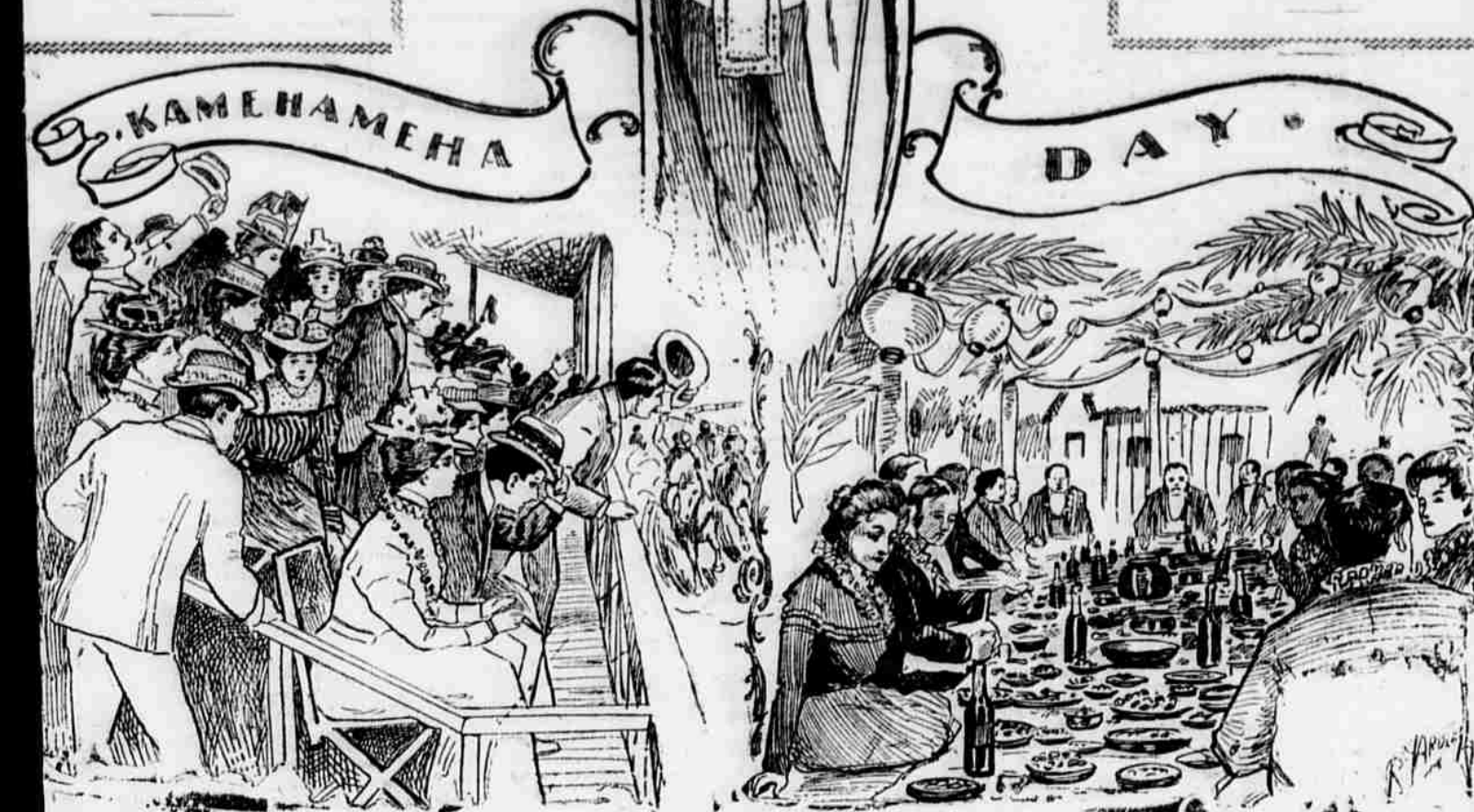
H. HAKFELD & CO., L'd. Agents

HAWAII NEI'S GREAT FESTIVAL CELEBRATED BY THE PEOPLE IN A DAY OF MUCH REJOICING

A Festive Scene at the
Race Track.

ELEVEN EVENTS ON CARD

Kapiolani Park Visited By Four Thou-
sand Persons to See
the Sport.



Crowds Throng Places
of Amusement.

MANY PICNICS AND LUAUS

Children and Parents Spend Happy
Hours Where the Grass
Grows Deep.

MEHAMEHA SAW THE PROCESSION

Prior Statue Looked Down
on Many Pilgrims Bound
for the Track.

Yesterday's sun had half be-
come to make his warm influence felt
on the beautiful city and good-natured
people of Honolulu, a gay and long-
out procession of vehicles and
trains was moving in the direc-
tion of Diamond Head.

A majestic and gilded heroic statue
of the great Kamehameha, guarding
approach to the Judiciary building,
in hand, looked down with stiff
stare at the passing multitudes
swarmed along King street, hur-
rying along, elbowing each
other out of the way, anxious to arrive
at Kapiolani Park, the scene of
today's races in honor of Kamehameha's
First.

Sh-rigs containing well-dressed
and beautiful women, haole and
ian, sped along towards old Le-
ahi family conveyances, crowded and
with happy parents and child-
ren, lunch baskets, trim buggies
and joyous couples, some mar-
ried and engaged and some who were
before the day was over,
and carts loaded down with
Japanese folks in gala-dress
and the best of humors, bicycles
and every description of men and
horseback, hacks—no end of
buses and street cars, one and
abled and rolled and hustled
chasing and racing each other
cloud of dust and a wave of
enthusiasm, on to the great
where Honolulu and his wife and
and mother-in-law were congre-
gated to have a good time, see the
and enjoy themselves and each
and everything generally, to the
st of their ability.

STAND IN LEAHI'S SHADOW

Women and Handsome
Dressed the Seats in
Brilliant Colors.

That a spectacle there was pre-
sented at Kapiolani Park. The great
race track, smooth and level and
in good condition, a temptation in
any well-regulated horse to do
the tropic scenery beyond, in-
duced gratifying to the artistic
bright, interested, intense
the people everywhere; the
carriages ranged along the
course; the flying flags and
the attractive dresses of the
as in abundance, sweet-smell-
ing, vari-colored circlets,
ds, collars and hat-bands of
vers; and the grand stand—
where in Honolulu was such a
grand stand was a splendid

testimonial to the progressive ideas and
the energy and good management of
the Honolulu Jockey Club. Everybody
said so. Large and capacious, com-
fortable and clean, strong and safe,
the grand stand compares most favorably
with grand stands in cities of the size
of Honolulu anywhere in the States.

The stand was crowded. Honolulu's
Four Hundred was well represented.
The greatest enthusiasm prevailed.
The ladies entered heartily into the
spirit of the sport. They bet candy and
gloves and hats with each other. Their
scooters wagged numerous little things
dear to the feminine heart against
cigars and such masculine articles, with
their fair charges.

Universal impatience waited on
the starting of the races. When they did
begin joy reigned supreme and from the
start in the morning until the finish
in the evening, all was enthusiasm,
holiday gaiety and good nature.

Not a single objectionable feature
marred the day's events. All were well
behaved and the police who were rep-
resented in good numbers had no work
to do at all.

Nearly four thousand people viewed
the sports and the proceeds of admis-
sion fees were greater than ever before.
The whole affair was a tremendous
success from a spectacular and enter-
tainment point of view, as well as from
an orderly and profitable and joyful
standpoint.

Refreshment stands made little
fortunes. Not a vehicle of any descrip-
tion could be procured anywhere in
town after noon. Everything was quiet
down town. The city was deserted.
Captain A. A. Fox and his trusty men
of the Mounted Patrol were out at the
track and along the road and did noble
work in regulating the zig-zag move-
ments of some of the vehicles on the
way home.

During the races Berger's band or-
chestrated sweet music, making gladder
the hearts already glad and adding a
 zest and a pleasure to the occasion that
was most agreeable and well appre-
ciated.

A great amount of money changed
hands yesterday, a great deal of betting
going on all the time.

The day was a perfect one. The heat,
though had a tendency to drive strong
men and gentle women to soda-water.
But no one minded anything. Heat or
no heat, they were happy and had a
good time. That's what they went out
for and they got it.

HOMeward WAY A ZIGZAG COURSE

Hundred of Vehicles With Oc-
cupants Anxious for Din-
ner Make Road Li-ely.

After the races were over and the
sweating horses were being groomed
and petted in their stalls, and the peat-
nut men and pink lemonade vendors
were counting their cash, and the men
who had bet were studying how they
stood with fickle fortune—the homeward
rush began.

Meanwhile it was big Paul Isenberg's
birthday—thirty-four years ago the
world was favored by his arrival on the
scene of action—and genial Paul, with
the starter and the officials generally,
regaled themselves with a refreshing

tonic and celebrated the anniversaries
of Paul Isenberg and Kamehameha the
Great at one and the same time in
proper and fitting fashion.

The road from the park to the city
was a narrow escape from an ac-
cident on account of the crowd and the
anxiety to get home.
Happy were the occupants of many
chariots indeed. Joyful songs in all
the languages of the East and West
floated on the evening air. Cheers and
hoots and various remarks of a con-
gratulatory as well as of a bantering
nature were exchanged as rigs passed
rig, or as horse car slid slowly past
horse car. The small boy was out in
a, his glory, likewise the small girl—
also big boys and girls.

When Honolulu enjoys itself it does it
thoroughly. At the same time it does
it in a proper and well behaved manner.
As mentioned before, all went along as
smoothly as a fish in the water; no
jarring incidents have to be recorded.
In the homeward race the equipage
of the wealthy family bowled along beside
the express wagon carrying a load of
happy Orientals.

The sporting instinct had had full
play. The crowd had spent a joyous
day. Now they were hungry and were
anxious to gather round the festive
board and satisfy the appetites berrig-
ten of a day of excitement and merry-
making.

When darkness fell, the great homeward
procession was just thinning
out for its quietness during the day-
lighting and merry-making character
of the events of the evening.

Along the road are strewn the rind
of watermelons, empty bottles and dis-
carded bags.

Brevetiers must beware, for the cause
of every possible punctured tire
waits them on the highway.

Last night the melodious strains of
most prized instruments made hap-
py the air with a plaintive, fetching
melody—a fit ending for a
delightful day.

FLEET STEEDS IN FAST RUNNING

How the Winners Did the
Tricks that Farned the
Purses Offered.

Yesterday was Hawaiian Derby Day,
and a record crowd attended the equine
exercises at Kapiolani Park race track.
The attendance exceeded the most sanguine
expectations of the Jockey Club's
executive committee, and spoke vol-
umes for the public's appreciation of
the prize-winning efforts of that body to
do everything in their power to pro-
mote the interests of racing in these
Islands.

The sport was for the most part of
high order, and some of the finishes
close enough to satisfy the most fas-
tidious seeker after excitement.

The ball was opened with a half mile
foot race, in which three runners start-
ed. A. J. Coats, well known as phys-
ical instructor at the Young Men's
Christian Association, had the race at
his mercy and won as he pleased in

2:12 2-5, establishing a new Island re-
cord for the distance.

The First Race.

Venus and Vioris were the contend-
ers in the first race, a half mile dash.
Venus was out-classed by Vioris, who
showed sudden improvement on Satur-
day's race, when she appeared to be
afflicted with locomotor ataxia or some
other speed destroying disease. Venus
did not go along in a bee-line, but zig-
zagged hither and thither in the most ap-
proved style. Their drivers were evi-
dently under the influence of the day's
inspiration. But all got home safely;
no bones were broken, although there
was often a narrow escape from an ac-
cident on account of the crowd and the
anxiety to get home.

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chariots indeed. Joyful songs in all
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Last night the melodious strains of
most prized instruments made hap-
py the air with a plaintive, fetching
melody—a fit ending for a
delightful day.

The day was a perfect one. The heat,
though had a tendency to drive strong
men and gentle women to soda-water.
But no one minded anything. Heat or
no heat, they were happy and had a
good time. That's what they went out
for and they got it.

After the races were over and the
sweating horses were being groomed
and petted in their stalls, and the peat-
nut men and pink lemonade vendors
were counting their cash, and the men
who had bet were studying how they
stood with fickle fortune—the homeward
rush began.

Meanwhile it was big Paul Isenberg's
birthday—thirty-four years ago the
world was favored by his arrival on the
scene of action—and genial Paul, with
the starter and the officials generally,
regaled themselves with a refreshing

tonic and celebrated the anniversaries
of Paul Isenberg and Kamehameha the
Great at one and the same time in
proper and fitting fashion.

The road from the park to the city
was a narrow escape from an ac-
cident on account of the crowd and the
anxiety to get home.

Happy were the occupants of many
chariots indeed. Joyful songs in all
the languages of the East and West
floated on the evening air. Cheers and
hoots and various remarks of a con-
gratulatory as well as of a bantering
nature were exchanged as rigs passed
rig, or as horse car slid slowly past
horse car. The small boy was out in
a, his glory, likewise the small girl—
also big boys and girls.

RES.

"If I could only get
a little rest." How
many tired women
say this! They are
exhausted, dis-
couraged, dis-
satisfied. Even after
sleeping they find them-
selves just as tired as before.
Not a part of the body escapes
from the hard work and pains. You
should have all impurities removed
from your blood and your nerves
greatly strengthened.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

brings rest and refreshing sleep. Your
nervousness disappears and your great
unrest passes away.

Of course you know this is so, for
you have heard all about Ayer's Sarsa-
parilla. Ask your doctor if it isn't the
best Sarsaparilla in the world. Even
your druggist will tell you "It's the
oldest and the best."

If you are constipated, take Ayer's Pills.
They greatly aid the Sarsaparilla.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., Agents

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nervousness disappears and your great
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HOLLISTER DRUG CO., Agents

made the mug the absolute property of
his owner, Geo. Rodlek.

The Free-For-All.

The trotting and pacing free-for-all
was looked on as the event of the day,
and a sensational contest was ex-
pected. The race in reality was a tame
affair, Vioris winning in straight heats
as she liked. Venus broke badly in the
first heat just past the half mile pole,
and ran very disappointingly.

Ahulmanu was withdrawn from the
seventh event on account of lameness,
with the approval of a veterinary sur-
geon. The Garterline ran a great mare to-
day and defeated Sir Casimir easily
by two lengths in the good time of 1:16.
The race for the Rosita Challenge cup
was the best of the day. Venus led in
three furlongs, when Vioris supplanted
her. At the three-quarters Aggrava-
tion looked like making a race of it, but
could not overhaul Vioris, who won by
a length in 1:45, with Venus a good
third. Vioris beat Angie A's record of
1:45 1-2, which has stood for seven
years.

The Tenth Race.

Weller, General Cronje and Antidote
faced the starter in the tenth, a mile
and a half race for the Criterion cup.
Weller was the horse of the race and
made home on the chin strap in 2:47.
Cronje was second by three lengths
W. M. Cunningham entered a protest
against the winner on the grounds that
Nichols, who rode him, was under the
ban of the Pacific Coast Jockey Club
having been ruled off the turf in Cali-
fornia. The executive committee over-
ruled the protest. This made the third
time that the red and white colors of
the David-Parker stable were worn
successfully.

The consolation race was a mere gal-
lop for Vioris, who could have won
by a city block from Allegro and the
picked-out Cronje.

The meeting will conclude gloriously
next Thursday afternoon, when the bill
of fare will comprise seven events. The
get-away-day entries promise to be un-
usually good.

TECHNIQUE OF THE ELEVEN CONTESTS

Expert's Description of the
Mounts, Their Tire and
Style of Motion.

Foot race, a half mile; prize, a gold
medal.

A. J. Coats won easily from two oth-
ers who did not register their names.
Time, 2:12 1-5. This constitutes a local
record.

First Race—Four furlongs; purse, \$150.

Vioris, 117 lbs (Nichols) 1
Venus, 117 lbs. (Logue) 2
Time, 49. Good start. Won easily by
two lengths. Winner, Prince David and
Parker's b. m. by Duncan-Unknown.
Vioris showed sudden improvement.
Venus outclassed.

Second Race—Trotting and pacing, 2:24 class; best 2 in 3; purse, \$150.

Billy (McManus) 1
Timothy (Gibson) 2
Time, 2:28 1-2, 2:28 3-4. Both heats
won in hollow fashion. Winner, Wil-
liam Norton's r. m. by Directress-Alma.
Billy broke badly. Directress is an
honored little mare.

Third Race—Five furlongs; maidens; purse, \$150.

Ahulmanu, 108 lbs. (Logue) 1
Flameref, 117 lbs. (Jas. McAuliffe) 2
Allegro, 117 lbs. (Joe McAuliffe) 3
Time, 1:03 1-5. Fair start. Won gal-
loping by eight lengths. Winner, W. H.
Cunningham's b. f. by True Briton-Harri-
dine. Ahulmanu beat the flag. She is
a nice piece of racing bric-a-brac. Al-
legro will train on. Flameref is a fierce
dog.

Fourth Race—California Feed Co.'s Cup; trotting and pacing; Hawaiian bred; \$100 added.

Leah (J. Callan) 2 1 1
Edith R. (Gibson) 1 2 2
Time, 3:31, 2:53 1-2, 3:05. Edith's heat
an accident. Leah won both heats by
a matter of lengths. Winner, Thomas
Hollinger's b. f. Creole-Gelster. First
heat a farce; both drivers stopped to
get a bite of lunch. Edith's heat was
painful. Leah is lazy and sick, but as
handsome as a picture, and one of the
improving kind.

Fifth Race—Irvine Cup; one mile; Ha- waiian bred horses; to be won twice by members of the Jockey Club; \$150 ad- ded.

Antidote, 123 lbs. (Joe McAuliffe) 1
Amarino, 123 lbs. (Logue) 2
Time, 1:48. Good start. Won by a
length, both driving. Winner, also, Ro-
dick's g. g. by Senator Stanford-Palson.
Antidote's boy rode a good race. Am-
arino is in the sure and yellow leaf. An-
tidote finished gamely.

Sixth Race—Rainer Cup; trotting and pacing; free for all, best 2 in 3. To be won twice; \$200 added.

Vioris (J. Quinn) 1 1
Lassie (Gibson) 2 2
Time, 2:20, 2:13 1-5. Both heats won
by lengths. Winner, Prince David's b.
m. by Alex. Button-Viola. Lassie broke

badly in the first. She was not herself
during the day and found her
substitute.

Seventh Race—Waikapu Cup; six fur-
longs; Venus record of 1:16 to be beat-
ed; \$150 added.

Antidote, 117 lbs. (Logue) 1
Sir Casimir, 122 lbs. (Nichols) 2
Time, 1:18. Good start. Won by two
lengths, easily. Winner, W. H. Cun-
ningham's b. m. by Golden Garter-Lassie.
Antidote judiciously rated. A little
too far for Casimir.

Eighth Race—Gentlemen's Driving
Race; Withdrawn.

Ninth Race—Rosita Challenge Cup;
one mile; winner to beat time of Angie
A. 1:45 1-2, purse, \$200, and \$50 added
if record is beaten.

Vioris, 117 lbs. (Nichols) 1
Aggrivation, 121 lbs. (Thomas) 2
Venus, 121 lbs. (Logue) 3
Time, 1:45. Good start. Won by a
length; same distance between second
and third. Winner, Prince David and
Parker's b. m. by Duncan-Unknown.
Winner well ridden, but does not relish
a mile. Aggrivation likes to race in
front and is not overly stout-hearted.
Venus ran a good race, but her boy
killed her off by rating her too severely
in the early stages of the trip.

Tenth Race—Criterion Cup; one and
one-half miles; to be won twice; \$250
added.

Weller, 122 lbs. (Nichols) 1
Gen. Cronje, 124 lbs. (Joe McAuliffe) 2
Antidote, 124 lbs. (Jas. McAuliffe) 3
Time, 2:47. Good start. Won easily
by two lengths. Winner, Prince David
and Parker's b. m. by Netherlander-
Lassie Pickwick. Nichols, who rode the
winner, a great judge of pace. Weller
a fine horse and a stayer from way-
back. Cronje ran a cracking good race;
tab him. Antidote's running at the dis-
tance a surprise.

Eleventh Race—Consolation Race;
one mile, for all horses that have com-
pleted at this meeting without winning.
Entries at post; Purse, \$150.

Evereth (Thomas) 1
Allegro (Jas. McAuliffe) 2
General Cronje (Joe McAuliffe) 3
Time, 1:48. Poor start. Won in a
walk by two lengths. Winner, J. R.
Wilson's g. g. by St. Saviour-Why Not.
Evereth had a cake walk. It was cru-
elty to animals to pull Cronje out again.
Allegro ran well for six furlongs.

LOCAL BRIEVITIES.

C. B. Hall of Kona is a visitor in Ho-
lolu.

Some beautiful pure bred Berkshire
breeding pigs for sale. Honolulu Stock
Yards Co., Ltd.

The Interior Department invites ten-
ders for the construction of two steel
bridges in Honolulu.

All kinds of fine pure bred live stock
for sale on order. Address Honolulu
Stock Yards Co., Ltd.

Lillookalani's locomobile arrived on
the Australia and will shortly be put in
commission by its owner.

An insane Chinaman was taken to the
police station from Kapalama Friday
night, and sent to the asylum Saturday
afternoon.

The local military companies are
making great preparations for the Ad-
mission Day parade and expect to make
a fine showing.

Mr. S. C. Lucas, the optician, has re-
turned from an extended trip through
Hawaii. His family were with him and
have also returned.

The carpenters began work yesterday
upon the platform in front of the ex-
ecutive building, upon which the cere-
monies of inaugurating Governor Dole
will take place.

Among the arrivals on the W. G. Hall
on Saturday were G. M. Wilcox, Dr. H.
C. Watt, M. P. Frouser, Deputy Sher-
iff W. H. Rice, Jr., and Rev. Hans Isen-
berg.

The entrance to St. Andrew's Cathed-
ral from Beretania street, which has
been used for so many years, has been
closed to the public by the erection of
a cottage.

Snippers and merchants have pre-
sented C. J. Campbell with an appropri-
ate testimonial as an appreciation of
his services as quarantine officer dur-
ing plague times.

Wray Taylor played the organ at the
dedication of Kaimakapili Chapel Sun-
day. His rendition of the music added
greatly to the enjoyment and religious
enthusiasm of the affair.

C. W. Carr, the transportation agent
in charge of the Hawaiian mails, arriv-
ed by the transport Sherman Saturday
morning. He comes from Washington,
where he has been on duty.

A good, live young man is wanted in
every district on the Islands of Hawaii,
Maui and Kauai to represent an es-
tablished business concern of Honolulu
in his district. See ad in this issue for
particulars.

In response to an application made by
M. H. Flint, U. S. Postal Inspector, dated
June 7, for office accommodations in
the Executive building, the Executive
Council yesterday voted that the Minis-
ter of the Interior make the necessary
arrangements to allow them the use of
the two mauka rooms in the basement
of the building, facing District Magis-
trate Lyle's office. The arrangement is
temporary.

The matter of the lot purchased of
Messrs. Bishop & Co., makai and ad-
joining the prison premises, as autho-
rized by the Executive Council on Feb-
ruary 21st, 1899, for \$4,300, was brought
up and Mr. Damon stated that as there
was an appropriation now for paying
for this land, Bishop & Co. was ready
to deed it to the Government, and the
papers were referred to the Attorney
General to have proper deed drawn up.

Lieut. C. E. Kilbourne of the Four-
teenth U. S. Infantry, now stationed in
Manila, will be married on July 1st to
the youngest daughter of the late Col.
Egbert, who was shot in the Philip-
pines. Lieut. Kilbourne came through
with the signal corps in 1898, and was
later assigned to the Fourteenth regi-
ment. A large number of wedding
present are aboard the transport Sher-
man, addressed to the young officer,
and will probably reach him on his
wedding day.

There has been delay in removing the
wireless telegraph instruments from
the Australia, owing to the quaran-
tining of the cargo of that vessel, and as
a result it is probable that the system
will not be set up in time to transmit
the news concerning the Admission Day
ceremonies, as had been hoped. The
work of putting the instruments in po-
sition at Kaimuki will take but a short
time, and the experts in charge will
then proceed at once to Molokai and
Maui to arrange the connections on
those Islands.

Spaniard Killed.

A Spaniard, Lopez by name, was killed
by a flying lump of coal striking
him in the head Saturday forenoon.

The man was one of a gang loading
coal aboard a vessel at the wharf.

Whether the lump of coal was thrown
by somebody or whether the striking
was an accident will be determined by
the coroner's jury tomorrow. An auto-
psy was performed Saturday evening
and concussion of the brain was de-
cided upon as the cause of death.

THE HAWAIIAN POSTAL SAVINGS BANK

The following from the Congressional Record gives the consecutive story of the more recent legislation in regard to Hawaii in the Senate and House:

HAWAIIAN POSTAL SAVINGS BANK.

In the Senate, May 14.—Mr. Daniel. I am instructed by the Committee on Foreign Relations, to whom was referred the bill (S. 456) to amend and reconstitute an act entitled "An act to provide a government for the Territory of Hawaii," approved April 30, 1900, to report it without amendment and to submit a report thereon. I ask for the present consideration of the bill. It is recommended by the Secretary of the Treasury.

The President pro tempore. The bill will be read in full to the Senate.

The Secretary read the bill, as follows: "Be it enacted, etc., That sections 102 and 103 of the act entitled 'An act to provide a government for the Territory of Hawaii,' approved April 30, 1900, be amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 102. That the laws of Hawaii relating to the establishment and conduct of any postal savings bank or institution are hereby abolished. And the Secretary of the Treasury, in the execution of the agreement of the United States as expressed in an act entitled 'Joint resolution to provide for the Hawaiian Islands to the United States,' approved July 7, 1898, shall pay the amounts on deposit in the Hawaiian Postal Savings Bank to the persons entitled thereto, according to their respective rights, and he shall make all needful orders, rules, and regulations for paying such persons and for notifying such persons to present their demands for payment. So much money as is necessary to pay said demands be hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be available on and after the 1st day of July, 1900, when such payments shall begin, and none of said demands shall bear interest after said date, and no deposit shall be made in said bank after said date. Said demands of such persons shall be certified to by the chief executive of Hawaii as being genuine and due to the persons presenting the same, and his certificate shall be treated with the official seal of the Territory and countersigned by its secretary, and when the same are paid in the manner respecting payment from the Treasury no further liabilities shall exist in respect of the same against the Government of the United States or Hawaii."

POSTAL SAVINGS BANK.

"Sec. 103. All money on deposit in the Hawaiian Postal Savings Bank shall, on the 1st day of July, 1900, be turned over by the Government of the United States to the Government of the Hawaiian Islands, and the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to assume charge of all the assets of said bank, and to collect the same into money, in such manner and in such time as may, in his judgment, best subserve the public interests. Such agents shall give good and sufficient bond to the United States for the faithful performance of such duties in such form as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe. This money so turned over to the Treasurer of the United States and those collected from the assets of said bank, shall be deposited in the Treasury of the United States to the credit of the Treasurer of the United States."

"And it is further provided, That the Secretary of the Treasury, in the execution of the agreement of the United States expressed in a joint resolution to provide for annexing the Hawaiian Islands to the United States," approved July 7, 1898, at the earliest practicable date shall pay to the public debt of the Republic of Hawaii, lawfully existing at the date of the passage of said joint resolution, an amount not exceeding in all \$1,000,000, including the sum required to pay the depositors in the Hawaiian Postal Savings Bank, as provided in the act entitled 'An act to provide a government for the Territory of Hawaii,' approved April 30, 1900, as above amended, and such money as shall be necessary to pay the same is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated."

DEBATE ON SUBJECT.

"There is also hereby appropriated in the manner herein provided, the necessary sum to pay any accrued interest on said public debt for which the United States may be liable under the act entitled 'An act to provide a government for the Territory of Hawaii,' approved July 7, 1898, entitled 'Joint resolution to provide for annexing the Hawaiian Islands to the United States,' and in addition thereto an amount not exceeding \$200,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to pay the expenses of executing this resolution."

The President pro tempore. Is there objection to the present consideration of the bill?

Mr. Hale. I am afraid that bill will give rise to controversy and debate. If the Senator will withdraw it if it will give rise to debate, I shall not object to its consideration.

Mr. Daniel. I can state the gist of the bill.

THE HAWAIIAN DEBT.

Mr. Daniel. The bill has been carefully gone over by the Committee on Foreign Relations, and I have many instructions from the Secretary of the Treasury. It is simply for the immediate execution of our assumption of the public debt of the Hawaiian Islands, and it provides that the Secretary of the Treasury shall take charge at once of the Postal Savings Bank in Hawaii, reduce it to a cash basis, and turn the proceeds over to the Treasury of the United States. It makes the necessary appropriation to enable him to assume the debt, all of which except about some five hundred and odd thousand dollars is now redeemable. On June 15 the Hawaiian Islands will be free from the debt, and if we want to prevent an accumulation of interest, we ought to assume the debt immediately in full provision for the payment of it beforehand.

Mr. Cockrell. Do we continue the Postal Savings Bank there?

Mr. Daniel. The bill provides for winding up immediately the whole matter. Indeed, it was provided in the act for the government of Hawaii—that is, that it should cease to exist on the 1st of July, 1900. The bill provides for doing it immediately. The additional charge in the bill, I should state, to the extent of \$200,000, which is necessary to give the proper agencies to the Secretary of the Treasury to execute the act and leave no business at all right in every particular.

Mr. Hale. I do not object if the bill does not give rise to any debate. If it does I must object.

Mr. Teller. The bill has been read, but it has been utterly impossible in this part of the Chamber to know what the bill contains.

Mr. Hale. Mr. President, I will object for the present.

The President pro tempore. Objection is made, and the bill will go to the Calendar.

Mr. Teller. The first information that I have in this part of the Chamber comes in regard to the bill was the statement made by the Senator from Virginia.

CIVIL OFFICES IN HAWAII, ETC.

In the Senate, May 1.—Mr. Ross. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate bill 300 be taken up on the occasion of some remarks.

The President pro tempore. The Chair lays the bill before the Senate.

The Secretary. A bill (S. 300) regulat-

ing appointments to and removals from civil offices in existing dependencies of the United States.

Amendment of the Committee to Executive Session. The bill is reported by the Committee on Civil Offices in Existing Dependencies of the United States.

"That all appointments to civil offices made by the President or any head of a department in Alaska, Hawaii, or any other territory, island, or possession of the United States by the recent treaty with Spain, shall be made irrespective of any political opinions of the persons appointed, so far as consistent with the proper performance of the duties of such offices, in such a manner as to represent the entire country. In case of removal from any such office, whenever practicable, charges shall be made in writing and a copy thereof furnished to the person so removed, who shall be afforded reasonable opportunity to make answer hereon; and the President or head of a department making the appointment shall require it, suspend the official hearing or investigation of such charges."

THEY ARE DEPENDENCIES.

I speak of them as dependencies because that word most clearly defines their relation to this nation. "Territory" is a more general term and applies more strictly to the nation's ownership of the land than it does to the people. "Colonies" less correctly expresses their true relation. Most of them are quite thickly populated and are not expected to become independent, but to furnish a place for the overflow of our surplus population. All are, in a general sense, dependent on the United States for their protection, for laws, and for their due administration. They may properly be designated dependencies. Whether this new work shall redound to the nation's glory or shame depends largely upon the spirit and manner in which it is entered upon and conducted. It is a trifle and true saying: "Well begun is half done." Well may Congress and the nation enter cautiously, considerately, and thoughtfully upon this important and important duty. In the welfare of nearly or quite 100,000,000 people is more or less directly involved. The measure before the Senate, if carried into law and obeyed in spirit, in my judgment will be most helpful in the proper discharge of this important and difficult duty. Its details will be considered later.

NO PROMISE OF STATEHOOD.

The present Congress will doubtless provide for permanent government in Alaska, Hawaii, and Porto Rico, and for less permanent governments in the Philippine Islands and in Cuba. None of these islands or territories are expected to have the promise of eventually being given statehood. Whether any of them ever will be admitted as States is a question of future administration, not even for consideration.

The conditions to be met and provided for in the several dependencies differ widely among themselves, and are altogether unencountered by this nation. The Territories hitherto dealt with had, in advance, the promise, in due shape and duly carried out, of being admitted into the Union as States. All were contiguous or nearly contiguous to some of the States, and their inhabitants largely came from the same population of the United States.

In Hawaii the conditions are very different and much diversified. The natives, partially civilized and civilized, the Chinese, Japanese, Chinese, and other races have each their national and other peculiarities, but are dominated by a comparatively small number of Americans and by speculators of more recent arrival. They are a mixed population, in all stages of civilization, and have no established laws and institutions, coming from royalty, down to their present status. Upon these islands, and in addition thereto, little knowing what the existing laws are, the provisions of the civil government or Territorial act. The industry and commerce are anomalous. The government of these islands presents no easy problem if they are to be successfully ruled under and in accordance with the fundamental principles of this Government.

CONDITIONS DIFFERENT.

The conditions in Porto Rico and the Philippine Islands are greatly unlike those which exist in Alaska or Hawaii. Each have existing customs and laws of similar origin and kind. But the inhabitants in Porto Rico and the Philippines are to which the laws are to be applied, are dissimilar and peculiar and very different from those of Alaska and Hawaii. Porto Rico is generally well cultivated and well peopled. Its people are mostly of mixed origin: Indian, negro, and Spanish blood prevail in various degrees of intermixture. These constitute four-fifths or more of the population and are mostly laborers dependent upon their daily earnings for living. They possess limited education and have little, if any, experience in governmental affairs. The other fifth are mostly merchants, planters, and professional men, better educated and possessing more wealth. There are few schools and very little internal commerce. It is no easy task to inaugurate the recent civil government act upon the existing laws and customs, and much more difficult to raise the inhabitants to the level of legislation, of living, and of thinking.

FISHERIES OF HAWAII.

In the Senate, May 15.—The President pro tempore laid before the Senate a communication from the Secretary of the Treasury, transmitting a letter from the United States Commissioner of Fisheries, submitting an estimate of the cost of station, \$2,500, for the investigation of fisheries of Hawaii, etc., which, with accompanying papers, was referred to the Committee on Appropriations, and ordered to be printed.

TEAMS IN COASTING TRADE.

Mr. Nelson. I ask unanimous consent that Senate bill 300 be taken up on the occasion of some remarks.

The President pro tempore. The Chair lays the bill before the Senate.

The Secretary. A bill (S. 300) regulat-

ing appointments to and removals from civil offices in existing dependencies of the United States.

Amendment of the Committee to Executive Session. The bill is reported by the Committee on Civil Offices in Existing Dependencies of the United States.

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THEY ARE DEPENDENCIES.

I speak of them as dependencies because that word most clearly defines their relation to this nation. "Territory" is a more general term and applies more strictly to the nation's ownership of the land than it does to the people. "Colonies" less correctly expresses their true relation. Most of them are quite thickly populated and are not expected to become independent, but to furnish a place for the overflow of our surplus population. All are, in a general sense, dependent on the United States for their protection, for laws, and for their due administration. They may properly be designated dependencies. Whether this new work shall redound to the nation's glory or shame depends largely upon the spirit and manner in which it is entered upon and conducted. It is a trifle and true saying: "Well begun is half done." Well may Congress and the nation enter cautiously, considerately, and thoughtfully upon this important and important duty. In the welfare of nearly or quite 100,000,000 people is more or less directly involved. The measure before the Senate, if carried into law and obeyed in spirit, in my judgment will be most helpful in the proper discharge of this important and difficult duty. Its details will be considered later.

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MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS of a certain mortgage made by K. Kapu and Esther Kapu, his wife, to W. Laming, Trustee for Ahia, (C. C. No. 21) dated the 21st day of July, 1899, and recorded in the Register Office, Oahu, on the 26th day of July, 1899, at page 139-141, notice is hereby given that the mortgagee has failed to foreclose said mortgage for default broken, to-wit: The non-payment of principal and interest when due.

And notice is hereby also given that after the expiration of three consecutive weeks from the date of this notice the property conveyed by said mortgage will be advertised for sale at public

Further particulars can be had of William A. Henssail, Attorney-at-Law, or Will E. Fisher, Auctioneer, Honolulu.

The premises covered by the said mortgage consist of: All the right, title and interest of said S. Kapu, mortgagor, being his one and 7-10 undivided interest in and to all that certain land and premises situated in the III of Pu'uakalani, Manoa, Oahu, Hawaiian Islands and containing three and 21-100 acres and being the same premises described in that certain deed recorded in the Register Office, Oahu, in Volume 22 and 24, of Mamehana (w) to said S. Kapu, dated May 18, 1899.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THE UNDERSIGNED, DULY APPOINTED as administrator of the estate of the late Captain Harry English, of Honolulu, Oahu, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against said estate to present the same at his office in the Judiciary Building, Honolulu, within six months from date, or they will be forever barred. And all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate settlement with the undersigned.

Dated Honolulu, H. I., June 1, 1900.


HENRY SMITH,
Administrator Estate Capt. Harry English.

2182—June 5-12-19-26 Jul 3

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING been duly appointed administrator of the estate of the late John W. Winter of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons to present their claims against the estate of said John W. Winter, deceased, fully authenticated, whether secured by mortgage or otherwise, to the undersigned at his office, No. 14 Kaahumanu street, in Honolulu, within six months from the date hereof, or they will be forever barred; and all persons indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment to the un-

resigned.
 Dated Honolulu, June 5, 1900.
 B. L. MARX,
 Administrator of the Estate of John W.
 Winter, deceased.
 2182—Jun 5-12-19-26 Jul 3-10


**PURE - BRED
POULTRY!**
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PURE BRED Fowls and Eggs for sale at all seasons from the following varieties:

English Grey Dorking, Black Minorca, Barred Plymouth Rocks, Buff Orpingtons, Brown Leghorn, White Leghorn, Pekin Ducks and Bronze Turkeys.

I am constantly in receipt of new importations from the best known strains.

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